

Department of **Biomedical Engineering**



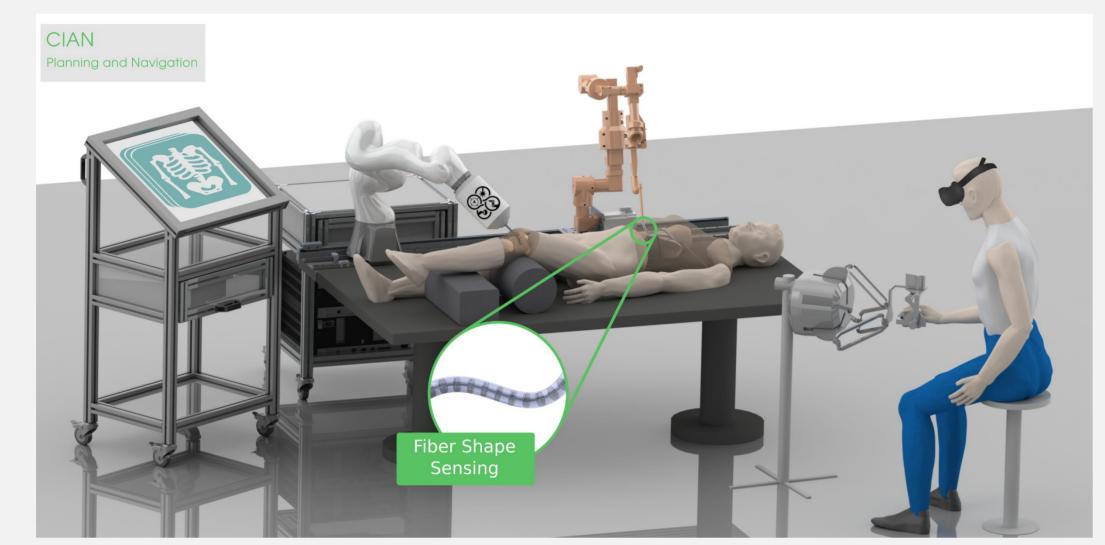
New Generation of Optical Fiber Shape Sensors

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Background

Motivation

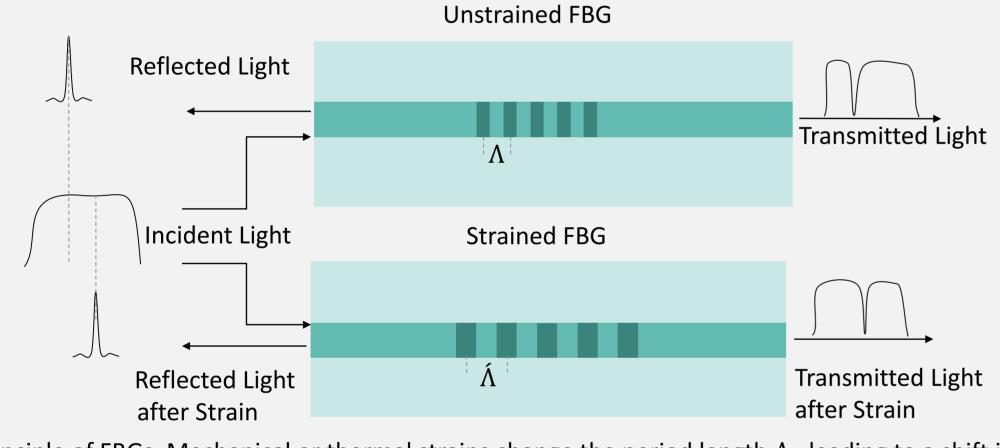
In modern medical procedures, flexible tools, catheters, and endoscopic devices are commonly used. Despite several advantages over conventional instruments, they still suffer from a lack of real-time feedback on their shape. Fiber Bragg grating(FBG)-based 3D shape sensing is a promising approach as it is small, immune to electromagnetic noise, sterile, and easy to replace.



Controlling the surgical interventions of the robotic endoscope using feedback from fiber shape senor [1].

Working Principle

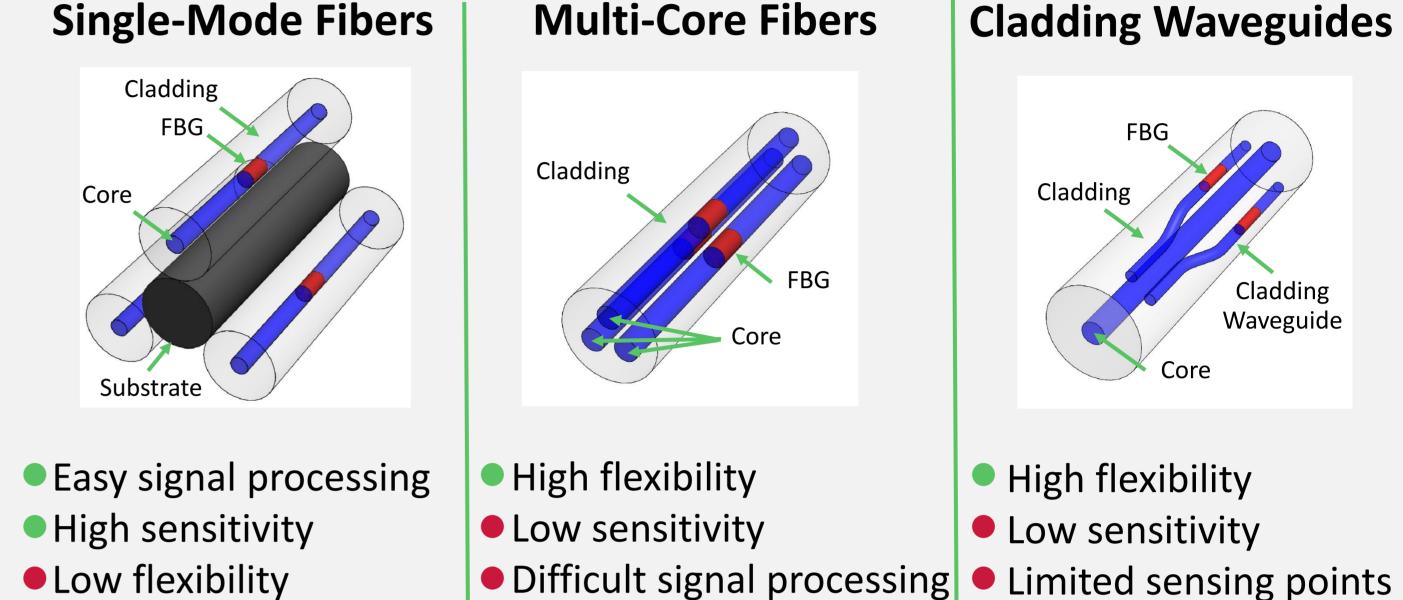
FBGs are some periodic patterns of different refractive indices inside the core of an optical fiber. They show large reflectivity around Bragg wavelength, which is sensitive to mechanical and thermal perturbations.



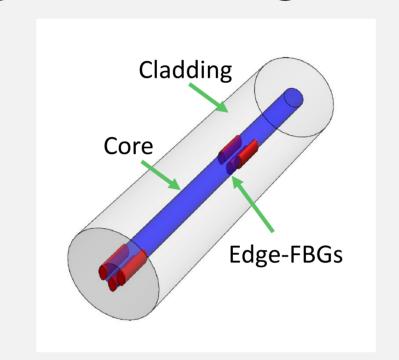
Working principle of FBGs. Mechanical or thermal strains change the period length Λ , leading to a shift in Bragg Wavelength.

Problem

Existing shape sensing methods



New generation, Edge-core Fibers



High flexibility

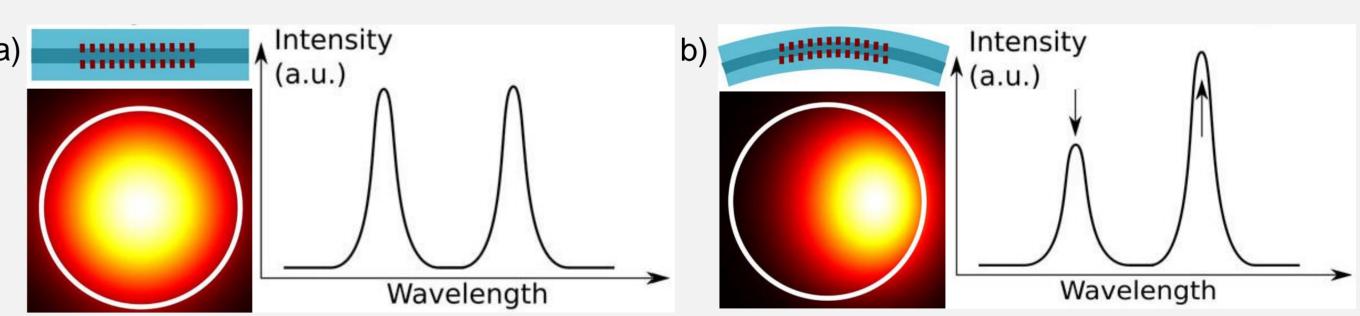
High thermal sensitivity

Unlimited sensing points

WERNER SIEMENS-STIFTUNG

Simple interrogation system

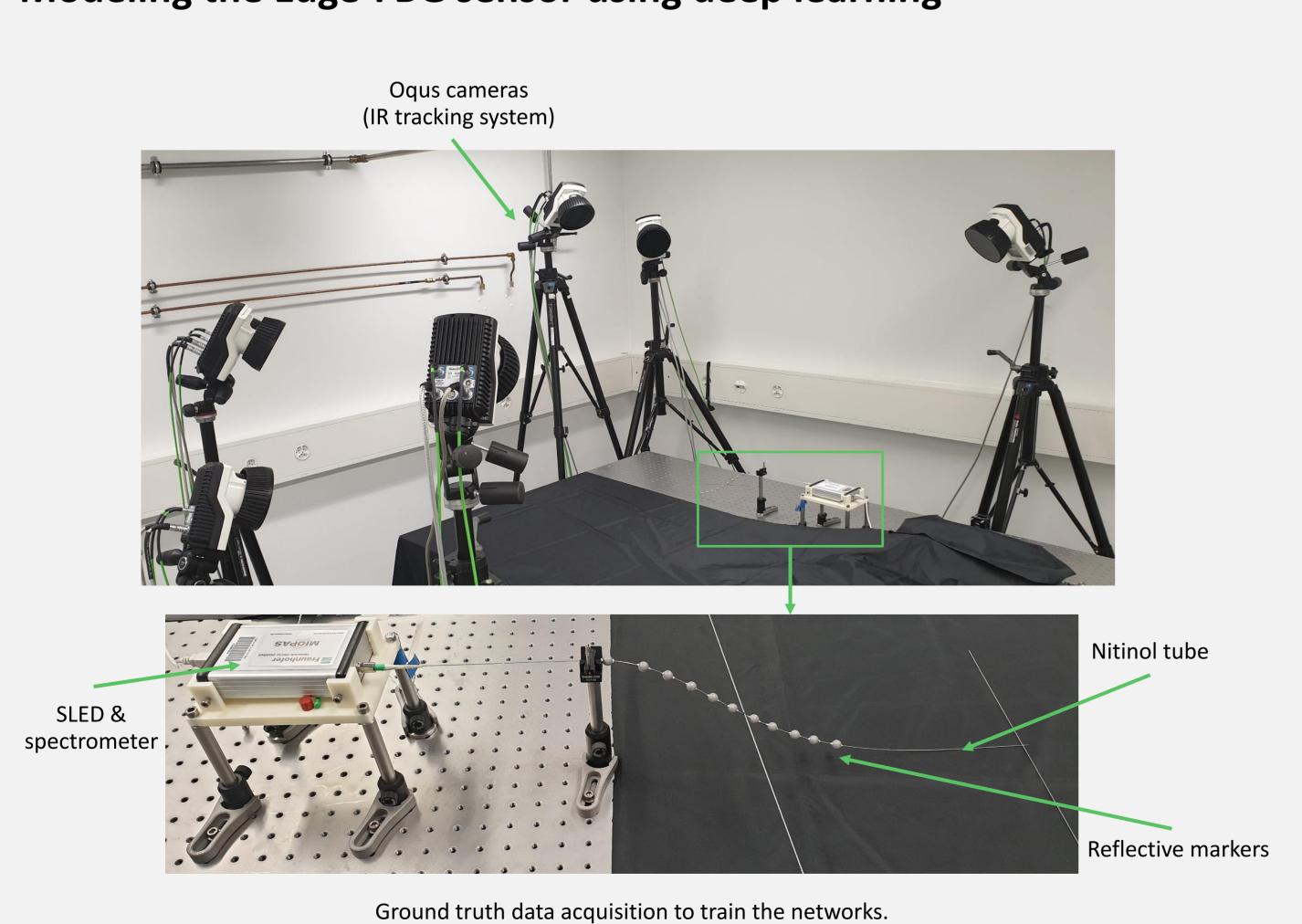
amplitude Edge-FBGs of contains the strain information, as shown in the figure below. bending However, loss and birefringence bending-induced affect the spectrum profile, which are excluded in the mode field theory.



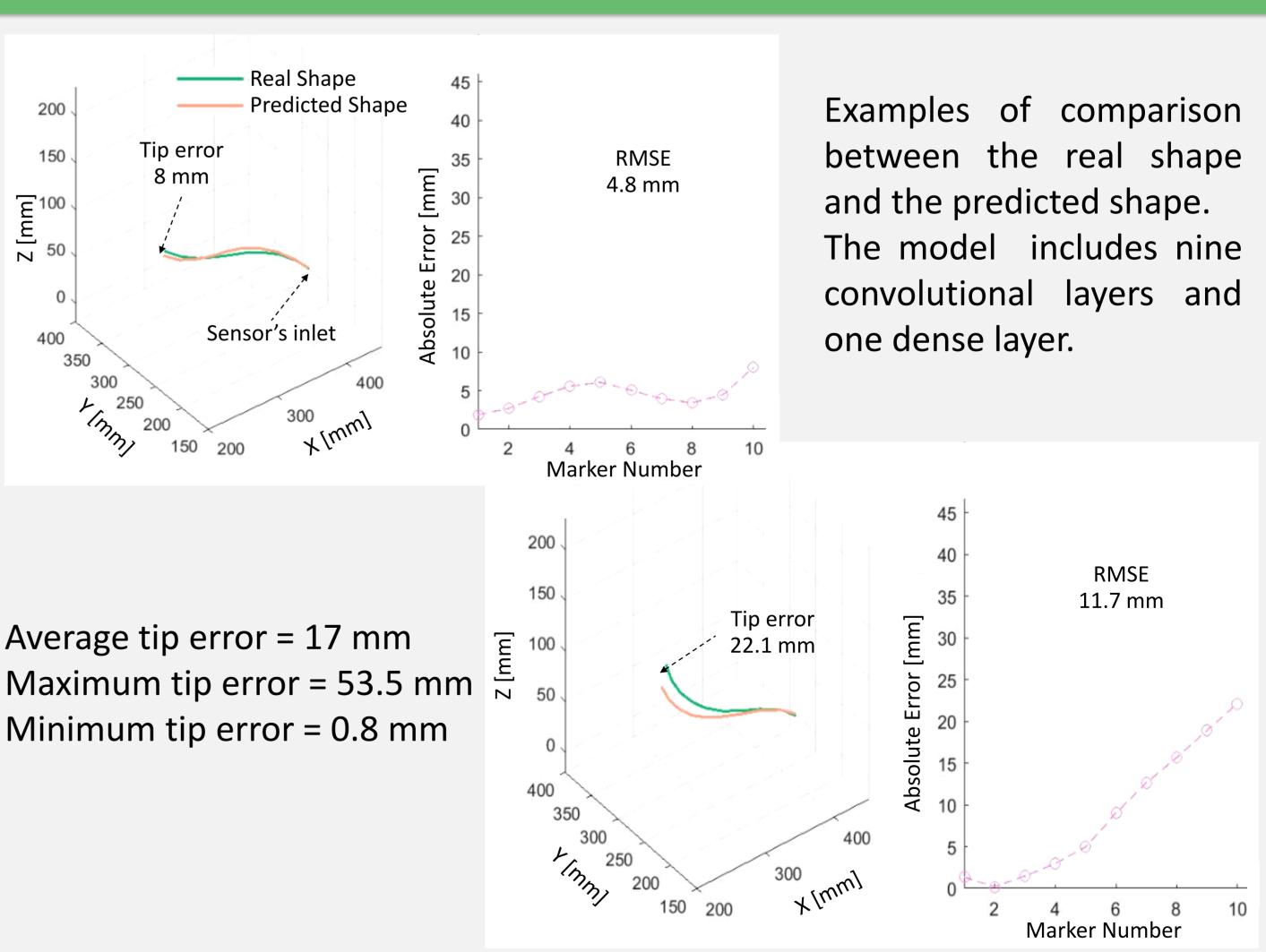
Working principle of Edge-FBGs. a) Mode field profile and Bragg peaks in straight fiber, b) in curved fiber [2].

Method

Modeling the Edge-FBG sensor using deep learning



Results



Acknowledgment

We would like to thank Prof. Dr. rer. nat. Wolfgang Schade, head of Fiber Optical Sensor Systems Department, Fraunhofer Institute for Telecommunications HHI, for providing the Edge-core fibers.

References

- [1] https://dbe.unibas.ch/en/research/laser-and-robotics/planning-navigation-622
- [2] Waltermann, et al., "Multiple off-axis fiber Bragg gratings for 3D shape sensing", Applied Optics Vol. 57, No. 28, 2018.



